

Appendix S3. Sociodemographic composition of the sample compared to the quotas and the German adult population.

Sociodemographic characteristic	Sample		Quota	German population ^{ab}
	n	%	%	%
	534	100.0	100.0	100.0
Gender				
Female	266	49.8	50	51.5
Male	266	49.8	50	48.5
Non-binary	2	0.4	0	n/a
Age				
18–29 years old	110	20.6	21	18.8
30–39 years old	100	18.7	18	19.9
40–49 years old	110	20.6	21	20.4
50–59 years old	125	23.4	23	21.6
60–69 years old	89	16.7	17	19.2
Highest educational achievement				
Secondary modern school qualification without completed vocational training	55	10.3	10	23.3
Secondary modern school qualification with completed vocational training	150	28.1	29	
Secondary school certificate	188	35.2	36	35.6
University entrance qualification	67	12.6	12	23.8
University degree	74	13.9	13	17.3
Monthly net household income				
Below €1,500	83	15.5	15	n/a
€1,500–€1,999	72	13.5	13	n/a
€2,000–€2,499	66	12.4	13	n/a
€2,500–€2,999	75	14.0	14	n/a
€3,000–€3,499	64	12.0	13	n/a
€3,500–€3,999	56	10.5	10	n/a
€4,000–€4,999	56	10.5	11	n/a
€5,000 and more	62	11.6	12	n/a

^a Figures for gender and age based on micro-census data from year 2017; figures for highest educational achievement based on micro-census data from year 2018 (Destatis, 2019)

^b Adult population of Germany aged 20 years to 70 years inclusive for gender and age; adult population of Germany aged 15 years to 65 years inclusive for highest educational achievement

Reference list:

Destatis, 2019. Statistisches Jahrbuch 2019. Retrieved February 13, 2023, from

<https://www.destatis.de/DE/Themen/Querschnitt/Jahrbuch/statistisches-jahrbuch-aktuell.html>.